Jennifer M. Granholm, Governor Jay B. Rising, State Treasurer

2005 MICHIGAN 1040CR-7 Home Heating Credit Claim

Forms and Instructions

Filing Deadline: September 30, 2006

What's Inside

Find *Tax Information* and *Assistance* on page 2.

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FILING DEADLINE

The deadline for filing your 2005 home heating credit is September 30, 2006. The filing of an extension for income taxes does not extend the due date for the home heating credit.

Important Information About the Home Heating Credit

Michigan's home heating credit is funded by federal Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program Grants. Your credit may be larger or smaller than the credit you received last year because the amount of money Michigan receives from this grant varies every year.

Receive Your Refund Using E-file! E-file is secure, fast and convenient! Free e-file is available. Do you qualify?



E-file your *Michigan Home Heating Credit Claim* (MI-1040CR-7) with or without Form MI-1040 and get your heating credit faster. E-file eliminates many of the errors that lengthen processing times. Visit our Web site at **www.MIfastfile.org** to find an authorized e-file provider near you, a list of resources offering this service and information on free e-file services.



If you are eligible to receive a check for your home heating credit claim, you may request that it be deposited directly into your account at a

financial institution by filing a *Direct Deposit of Refund* (Form 3174). See page 13 of this booklet. Claimants receiving heat drafts are not eligible for direct deposit.

Visit Treasury's Web site at www.michigan.gov/treasury.

TAX INFORMATION AND ASSISTANCE

The Michigan Department of Treasury offers a variety of services designed to assist you, and most are available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

IMPORTANT: To obtain information about your account using the Internet and telephone options listed below, you will need the following information from your return:

- Social Security number of the primary filer (the filer listed first on the return),
- Tax year of the return,
- Adjusted gross income (AGI) or household income, and
- Filing status (single, married joint, married separate).

INTERNET OPTIONS

www.michigan.gov/incometax

Find the following information on this Web site:

- · Current year forms and instructions
- · Answers to many tax preparation questions
- Most commonly used tax forms
- Free assistance in preparing your return
- Other tax time resources.

www.michigan.gov/iit

This secure Web site was designed specifically to protect your personal tax information. Use this Web site to:

- Check the status of your return
- Check estimated payments you made during the year
- Check the status of letters you have sent to Treasury
- Change your address
- Ask a specific question about your account.

TELEPHONE OPTIONS

1-800-827-4000

Automated Information Service

With Treasury's automated phone system, you can:

- Request the status of your refund
- Request information on estimated payments
- Order current tax year forms.

TeleHelp: For prerecorded information about income tax and tax credit topics, dial 1-800-827-4000 and press option "1." See a list of topics in the next column.

While most questions can be answered by the Automated Information Service, you may also speak with one of our customer service representatives from 8:00 a.m. to 4:45 p.m., Monday through Friday, by calling 1-800-827-4000.

FORMS

Find tax forms using the Internet and Telephone Options listed above. Commonly used forms are also available at Treasury offices (see back cover) and most public libraries, Northern Michigan post offices, Michigan Secretary of State branch offices and Department of Human Services branch offices.

TTY: Persons who are deaf, hard of hearing or who have a speech impairment may call (517) 636-4999.

Tax Information at Your Fingertips! Tele-Help code numbers and topics

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When You Have Finished

Review your return for the following **common errors** that may delay your refund:

- Using a mailing label with incorrect information
- Illegible writing
- Transposing numbers in the Social Security number
- Entering figures on wrong lines
- · Math errors
- Failing to report total household income from all sources, both taxable and nontaxable
- Failing to reduce the heating credit by 50 percent when heat is included in your rent or is in someone else's name.

Before you mail your claim, review it carefully and make sure it is complete. Keep a copy of your return and all schedules for six years.

Mail your claim to:

Michigan Department of Treasury Lansing, MI 48956

You can file a home heating credit for the current tax year only.

Important Information for All Claimants

Issued under Public Act 281 of 1967. This booklet is meant to help you prepare your credit claim. It does not take the place of the law.

This booklet contains forms and instructions on how to file and calculate your home heating credit. Please read these instructions carefully. The request for your Social Security number(s) is authorized under United States Code (USC) Section 42. Social Security numbers are used by the Department of Treasury to conduct matches against benefit income provided by the Social Security Administration and other sources to verify the accuracy of the home heating and property tax credit claims filed and to deter fraudulent filing(s). You cannot apply your home heating credit to your income tax liability.

If you currently receive Family Independence Program (FIP) assistance or other public assistance, you may claim a home heating credit if you owned or rented a homestead in 2005. If you owned or rented only part of the year, you must prorate your credit. See instructions for a part-year owner or renter on page 5.

If you receive FIP assistance, State Disability Assistance (SDA) or you are enrolled with the Department of Human Services (DHS) for direct payment, by law Treasury must send your credit directly to your heat provider.

If, at the time you file this claim, your heating costs are included in your rent or your heat service is in someone else's name, your credit must be reduced by 50 percent. Your credit will be issued as a check, rather than an energy draft (see lines 5 and 35 of Form MI-1040CR-7).

If you file an income tax return (Form MI-1040), do **not** staple your home heating credit claim to Form MI-1040. Instead, fold it and leave it loose in the envelope.

If you file a property tax credit claim (Form MI-1040CR or MI-1040CR-2) **without** Form MI-1040, you may staple your home heating credit claim to the property tax credit claim form.

IMPORTANT: Keep a copy of your return and all schedules for six years.

General Information About Home Heating Credits

Who May Claim a Credit

This credit helps low income families pay their home heating costs. To see if you may claim a credit, answer the following questions:

- Are you a full-time student who is claimed as a dependent on another person's income tax return?
- Did you live in a licensed care facility for the entire year? (See "Licensed Care Facilities" on page 5.)

If you answered YES to either of these questions, you **cannot** claim a home heating credit. If you answered NO to **both** questions, you may claim a credit if:

- Your homestead is in Michigan,
- You own or rent the home where you live, and
- Your income is within the income limits listed on Tables A and B on page 15.

You can have only one **homestead** at a time and you must be the occupant as well as the owner or renter. Your homestead can be a rented apartment or a mobile home on a lot in a mobile home park. A vacation home or income property is **not** considered your homestead.

Your homestead is in your state of **domicile**. Domicile is the place where you have your permanent home. It is the place you plan to return to whenever you go away.

Even if you spend the winter in a southern state, your domicile is still Michigan. College students and others whose permanent homes are not in Michigan are not Michigan residents. Domicile continues until you establish a new permanent home.

Spouses who share a home are entitled to only one home heating credit based upon the number of allowable exemptions in the household or the heating costs for the home, and joint household income. If you were separated for all or part of the year and file a joint federal or Michigan income tax return with your spouse, your credit claim is based upon either the heating costs of only one home or the number of exemptions in each household. The household income must be the combined income of both spouses for the entire year. Spouses that maintain separate homes for the entire year and do not file joint federal or Michigan income tax returns may each claim a credit based upon their separate heating costs or exemptions and household income. If you were separated or divorced during 2005 and do not file joint income tax returns, your credit must be based on your share of the heating cost or exemptions before separation, plus your exemptions and individual heating costs after separation. Attach a schedule showing your computation.

Note: You cannot file a home heating credit claim for any other tax year.

When to File

File your home heating credit claim as soon as you know your household income for 2005. File before April 17, 2006 to receive priority in processing.

The final date for filing a 2005 home heating credit is September 30, 2006. (Your claim <u>must</u> be postmarked by September 30, 2006.) The filing of an extension for income taxes does not extend the due date for the home heating credit.

Exemptions. You may claim one exemption for each of the following:

- Yourself, unless you are eligible to be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return
- Your spouse
- Your children who live with you, even if their support comes from FIP assistance or someone else. If you do not have custody of your children, you cannot claim them on your MI-1040CR-7, even if you can claim them on your MI-1040.
- Any other dependent who lives with you and for whom you provided more than half their support.

You can claim additional exemptions for each special condition that applies to you, your spouse or your dependents. If one spouse qualifies, claim 1; if both qualify, claim 2. Special exemptions are for age (65 or older), deaf, blind and some disabilities. If either you or your spouse receives unemployment compensation greater than 50 percent of your combined federal AGI, you may claim **one** additional exemption. See instructions for line 11 on page 6.

Deceased Claimants

The alternate heating credit may not be claimed by a personal representative. If your spouse died in 2005, use the same number of exemptions you would have used had your spouse lived all year.

The **surviving spouse** may file a joint return for 2005. Write your name and the deceased's name and both Social Security numbers on the MI-1040CR-7. Write "DECD" after the deceased's name.

You must report the deceased's income. Sign the return. In the deceased's signature block, write "Filing as surviving spouse." Enter the deceased's date of death in the "Deceased Taxpayers" box on the bottom of page 2.

If filing as a **claimant** to the refund of a deceased taxpayer(s), you must attach a *Statement of Person Claiming Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer* (U.S. 1310)

or *Michigan Claim for Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer* (MI-1310). Enter the deceased's name in the Filer's Name field and your name in the Spouse's Name field as follows:

John Brown, DECD Jane Brown, Claimant

A claimant must use the standard allowance and prorate to the date of death as noted in the following paragraph.

If filing as a **personal representative** who files a claim for a deceased person, you must use the standard allowance and prorate for the number of days from January 1 until the date of death. Follow the directions on page 5 for prorating the credit for a part-year owner or renter. Enter the deceased's name in the Filer's Name field and your name in the Spouse's Name field as follows:

John Brown, Est. of Jane Brown, Rep.

Use the deceased's Social Security number and your address. Enter the date of death in the "Deceased Taxpayers" box on the bottom of page 2 of the form.

Household Income

Household income is the total income (taxable and nontaxable) of both spouses or a single person maintaining a household. It is your AGI, plus all income exempt or excluded from AGI.

Household income does NOT include:

- Payment received under the foster grandparent or the senior companion program
- Energy assistance grants
- Government payments to a third party, like a doctor. However, if payment is made from money withheld from your benefit, the payment **is** part of household income. For example, the DHS may pay your rent directly to the landowner.
- Money received from a government unit to repair or improve your homestead
- Surplus food or food stamps
- State and city income tax refunds and homestead property tax credits
- Chore service payments. These payments are income to the provider but not the person receiving the service
- The first \$300 of income from gambling, bingo, lottery or prizes.
- Loan proceeds
- Inheritance from a spouse
- Life insurance benefits from a spouse

- The first \$300 in cash or expenses paid on your behalf by a family member or friend
- Amounts deducted from Social Security or railroad retirement benefits for Medicare premiums
- Life, health and accident insurance premiums paid by your employer. But, if you pay medical insurance or Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) premiums for you or your family, you may deduct the cost from household income.

Special Provisions for Farmers

If you received a farmland preservation tax credit in 2005, you must include it in household income. You may subtract the business portion of your homestead property tax credit if you included it in taxable farm income.

Licensed Care Facilities

Licensed care facilities include adult foster care homes, licensed homes for the aged, nursing homes and substance abuse treatment centers. If you lived in a licensed care facility only part of the year, you could qualify for a partial credit for the period you lived outside the facility. (See prorating instructions for a part-year owner or renter on this page.)

If your spouse lives in a licensed care facility and you live in the family homestead, you may still qualify for a credit. File a joint credit claim.

Subsidized senior citizen apartments are **not** licensed care facilities. If you live in a subsidized senior citizen apartment, you may apply for a credit.

Standard Credit

The standard credit computation uses standard allowances established by law. Use Table A on page 15 to find the standard allowance for the number of exemptions you claimed.

Shared Housing Standard Allowance

If you share a home but are not the owner or you do not have a contract to pay rent, you cannot claim a credit.

When two or more single people share a home, each may claim a credit if each has contracted to pay rent or owns a share of the home. Each should file a home heating credit based on his or her household income and his or her share of the standard allowance. First, determine the standard allowance from Table A on page 15 by adding the personal exemptions of all the claimants sharing a home. Divide this standard allowance by the number of claimants in the home.

Example: Three men share an apartment. Each has a signed lease and pays 1/3 of the rent. The standard allowance for three exemptions is \$620. Each person must use a standard allowance of \$207 (\$620 \div 3 = \$207) to compute his credit.

If you are eligible for a special exemption, compute your standard allowance following this example:

Example: Emma and Ruth share a home. Emma is age 59 and Ruth is age 65. They file separate MI-1040CR-7 claims. They must first divide \$495 (the standard allowance for two exemptions) by 2. Emma's allowance is \$248. Because Ruth qualifies for a special exemption for age, she may add the difference between the standard allowance for three (\$620) and the standard allowance for two (\$495) to \$248.

\$620 - \$495 = \$125 + \$248 = \$373 \$373 is the standard allowance for Ruth.

Part-year Owner's or Renter's Standard Allowance

You must prorate your standard allowance for the number of days you owned or rented and occupied your Michigan homestead. For example, you moved to Michigan on September 1. It is 122 days from September 1 to December 31. Divide 122 by 365 days and multiply the result by your standard allowance. Enter the prorated standard allowance on line 32 of your claim.

Alternate Credit

The alternate credit uses heating costs to compute a home heating credit. Add the amounts you were billed for heat from November 1, 2004 through October 31, 2005. See instructions for line 9 on page 6. If you buy bulk fuel (oil, coal, wood or bottled gas), add your receipts to get your total heating cost. Treasury may request receipts to verify your heating costs. If your claim is for less than 12 months or your heating cost is currently included in your rent, you cannot claim an alternate credit. You may claim heating costs on your Michigan homestead only. You may not claim heating costs on a vacation home or home outside of Michigan.

Credit Payments

If you are responsible for paying your heating bills, state law requires Treasury to issue your credit in the form of a State of Michigan Energy Draft. You can only use the draft to pay heat bills. Give the draft to your enrolled heat provider who will apply it to current or future heating bills for your home. If the amount of your draft is more than you owe, you may request a

refund of the difference by checking the box in the lower-right corner of the draft. Your heat provider has 14 days to pay your refund, without interest.

If you receive a draft and your heat provider is not enrolled in Michigan's energy assistance program, or if you use bulk fuel and have already bought your energy supply for the year, return the draft with a note of explanation to Treasury. Treasury will review your explanation and, if appropriate, reissue your credit in the form of a check.

If you are notified of denial, you have the right to a hearing. If you receive FIP assistance or other DHS benefits or you are enrolled with DHS for direct payment, the law requires that your credit be sent directly to your heat provider, who will then apply it to your account.

DHS clients who receive their heat from DTE Energy, Consumers Energy or SEMCO Gas will have their home heating credit sent directly to their heat provider, regardless of whether they are enrolled in DHS's direct payment program. (See instructions for line 43, page 8.)

Line-By-Line Instructions

Lines not listed are explained on the form.

Line 1: Enter your name and address unless you use the label supplied with your instruction booklet.

Lines 2 and 3: Write your Social Security number(s) here even if using your label.

Line 4: Enter your two-digit county code from the County Code Table on page 15.

Line 5: If you rent and your heat is included in your rent, or your heat service is in someone else's name, you must check "Yes" on line 5 and complete line 35 of the form to receive a check. Failure to do so will result in your credit being issued as a draft. You will then have to return the draft with a note of explanation to Treasury. It may take 90 days or more to issue a check to replace the draft.

Line 9: If you checked "Yes" on line 5, skip this line. Others, enter the heating costs you were billed from November 1, 2004 to October 31, 2005 on your Michigan homestead. Many fuel companies include the total heating cost for those 12 months on the October bill. If you cannot find your bills or the information is not on your October bill, call your heating company and ask.

Line 10: If you lived in one of the care facilities listed on line 10 for all of 2005, you are not eligible for a home heating credit and should not file this form. If you are married and your spouse lived in a licensed care facility while you lived in your homestead, do not check a box. Also, do not check the "Licensed Home for the Aged" box if you live in subsidized senior citizen housing. See "Licensed Care Facilities" on page 5.

Line 11: Exemptions. Enter the number that applies to you, your spouse and your dependents as of December 31, 2005.

a) Personal Exemption. Enter 1 if you are a single

filer; 2 if you are married filing jointly.

- **b)** Age 65 or older. You are considered age 65 the day before your 65th birthday.
- c) Deaf, disabled or blind. You qualify for the deaf exemption if the primary way you receive messages is through a sense other than hearing (for example, lip reading or sign language).

You qualify for the disabled or blind exemption if you are hemiplegic, paraplegic, quadriplegic or totally and permanently disabled. Blind means your better eye permanently has 20/200 vision or less with corrective lenses, or your peripheral field of vision is 20 degrees or less. Totally and permanently disabled means disabled as defined under Social Security Guidelines 42 USC 416. If you are age 65 or older, you may not claim an exemption as totally and permanently disabled. Only one exemption may be claimed per person.

- **d)** Unemployment compensation. Enter 1 if 50 percent or more of your combined federal AGI is from unemployment compensation. Your AGI is from your U.S. 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ.
- **h)** Include children over age 18 who live with you.

Household Income

You must complete lines 13-31 on Form MI-1040CR-7 even if you filed a homestead property tax credit claim (MI-1040CR or MI-1040CR-2). Include income earned by both spouses if you are filing a joint claim. See "Household Income" on page 4. Gains realized on the sale of your residence regardless of your age must be included in your household income even if they are not taxable on your federal income tax return.

Line 12: If you claimed exemptions for children or dependent adults other than your spouse on lines 11e through 11h, enter the following information for each person claimed: name, relationship to you, Social Security number and age in years. For children 12 months and under, enter one year. Attach an additional sheet if more space is needed.

Line 13: Enter all compensation received as an employee. Include strike pay, supplemental unemployment benefits (SUB pay), sick pay or long-term disability benefits, including income protection insurance and any other amounts reported to you on Form W-2.

Line 15: Enter the total of the amounts from the following federal forms: *Schedule C* (business income or loss), 4797 (other gain or loss) and *Schedule E* (rents, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, estates and trusts). Include amounts from sources outside Michigan. Attach these schedules to your claim.

Line 16: Enter all annuity, retirement pension and IRA benefits and the name of the payer. This should be the taxable amount shown on your U.S. 1099-R. If no taxable amount is shown on your U.S. 1099-R, use the amount required to be included in AGI. Enter zero if all of your distribution is from your contributions made with income previously included in AGI. Include reimbursement payments such as an increase in a pension to pay for Medicare charges. Also include the total amount of any lump sum distribution including amounts reported on your U.S. 4972. Do not include recoveries of after-tax contributions or amounts rolled over into another plan (amounts rolled over into a Roth IRA must be included to the extent included in AGI).

You must include any part of a distribution from a Roth IRA that exceeds your total contributions to the Roth IRA regardless of whether this amount is included in AGI. Assume that all contributions to the Roth IRA are withdrawn first. **Note:** Losses from Roth IRAs cannot be deducted.

Line 17: Enter the amount from U.S. *Schedule F* (farm income or loss). Attach *Schedule F*.

Line 18: Enter net capital gains and losses. This is the total of short- and long-term gains, less short- and long-term losses from your U.S. *Schedule 1040D*, line 16 (for gains) or line 21 (for losses--cannot exceed \$3,000). Include gains realized on the sale of your residence regardless of your age or whether or not these gains are exempt from federal income tax.

Line 19: Enter alimony and other taxable income received. Describe other taxable income. Taxable income includes: the amount over \$300 of awards, prizes, lottery, bingo and other gambling winnings and farmland preservation tax credits, if not included in net farm income on line 17.

Line 20: Enter your Social Security, Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and/or Railroad Retirement benefits. Include death benefits and amounts received for minor children or other dependent adults who live

with you. Report the amount actually received. Do **not** include the amount deducted for Medicare.

Line 21: Enter child support and all payments received as a foster parent. **Note:** If you received a *2005 Child Support Year-End Statement* (FEN-851) showing child support payments paid to the Friend of the Court, enter the child support portion here and attach a copy of the statement. Also see line 25 instructions.

Line 23: Enter other nontaxable income. This includes: compensation for damages to character or for personal injury or sickness; an inheritance (except an inheritance from your spouse); proceeds of a life insurance policy paid on the death of the insured (except benefits from a policy on your spouse); death benefits paid by or on behalf of an employer; the value over \$300 in gifts of cash, merchandise or expenses paid on your behalf (rent, taxes, utilities, food, medical care, etc.) from parents, relatives or friends; minister's housing allowance; amounts paid directly to you as a scholarship, stipend, grant or GI bill benefits; and reimbursements from child and/or medical care spending accounts. Also include such payments made on your behalf except government payments made directly to an educational institution or subsidized housing project.

Line 24: Enter workers' compensation benefits received, service-connected disability compensation benefits and pension benefits received from the Veterans Administration. Veterans receiving retirement benefits should enter their benefits on line 16.

Line 25: Enter the total payments made to your household by DHS and all other public assistance payments. Your 2005 Client Annual Statement (DHS-1241AX) mailed by DHS in January 2006 will show your total DHS payments. Your statement(s) may include the following: FIP assistance, State Disability Assistance (SDA), Refugee Assistance, Repatriate Assistance and vendor payments for shelter, heat and utilities. Note: If you received a 2005 Child Support Year-End Statement (FEN-851), subtract the amount of child support payments entered on line 21 from the total DHS payments and enter the difference here.

Line 28: Enter adjustments from your U.S. *1040*, line 36, or U.S. *1040A*, line 20. Describe adjustments to income. These adjustments reduce household income and include the following:

- Educator expenses
- Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists and fee-basis government officials (U.S. 2106 or U.S. 2106EZ)
- Payments to individual retirement accounts (IRAs), SEP, SIMPLE or qualified plans

- Student loan interest deduction
- · Tuition and fees deduction
- Medical savings account deduction
- Health savings account deduction
- Moving expenses into or within Michigan
- Deduction for self-employment tax
- Self-employed health insurance deduction
- Forfeited interest payment for premature withdrawal
- Alimony paid
- Domestic production activities deduction
- Any other adjustments to gross income included on line 36 of your 2005 U.S. 1040.

Also enter the amount of a net operating loss (NOL) deduction. **Note:** A deduction for a carryback or carryforward of an NOL cannot exceed federal modified taxable income. Attach your *Application for Net Operating Loss Refund* (Form MI-1045).

Line 29: Enter medical insurance or HMO premiums you paid for yourself and your family (not Medicare). Include medical insurance premiums paid through payroll deduction. Include the portion of auto insurance paid for medical coverage. Do not include any insurance premiums deducted on line 28, amounts paid for income protection and long-term care insurance, or amounts paid through pre-tax payroll.

Line 31: Household Income is used to compute your credit(s).

Your Credit

There are two ways to compute a home heating credit: the standard credit and the alternate credit. If you are eligible to claim either credit, figure your credit both ways and claim the larger amount.

Lines 32-34: Standard credit. See Table A on page 15. Find the number of exemptions you are allowed and look across to the income ceiling amount. If your household income is less than this amount, you can claim this credit.

Example: You and your spouse have three dependent children, so you are allowed five exemptions. Your household income is \$15,000. This is less than the \$24,871 income ceiling for five exemptions. Complete the form using the standard credit method.

Part-year owners or renters, see page 5 to prorate your standard allowance.

Line 35: If your heat is included in your rent or your heat service is in someone else's name at the time you file this claim, you must reduce your computed standard credit by 50 percent (.50). Multiply line 34 by .50. Enter this amount on lines 35 and 40.

Lines 36-39: Alternate credit. If your claim is for less than 12 months or your heat cost is included with your rent, do not use this method. If your household income is less than the maximum income for your number of Michigan exemptions, you may claim this credit. See Table B on page 15.

Example: You are single, have one dependent child and your 70-year old father is also your dependent. You are allowed four exemptions. Your annual heat costs were \$1,100 and your household income is \$5,500. This is less than the \$18,433 maximum income for four exemptions.

Line 40: If you completed line 35, you **must** enter that amount here. Otherwise, enter the larger amount from line 34 or line 39.

Line 41: Multiply the amount on line 40 by 76 percent (0.76) (the percentage of federal home heating assistance funds available for this year), and enter here. This is the amount of your 2005 home heating credit.

Line 42: Indicate your residency status for tax year 2005. If you were a part-year resident during tax year 2005, you must fill in the dates of residency within the date fields on line 42 for you and/or your spouse. You must then prorate your credit following the instructions found on page 5 under "Part-year Owner's or Renter's Standard Allowance." If you are a nonresident, you are not eligible. Do not file this form.

Line 43: If you are a DHS recipient and your heat is provided by DTE Energy, Consumers Energy or SEMCO Energy Gas, your home heating credit will be sent directly to your heat provider. If the credit amount exceeds your heat account balance, check this box to receive a refund from your heat provider for the overpayment, if eligible (see below). If not eligible, your excess refund will be applied toward future bills. If, after nine months, a refund balance still remains on account with your heat provider, your heat provider will issue a refund to you.

Eligibility requirements. You must have no outstanding balance with your heat provider **and** you must have not received heat assistance in the past 12 months.

Heat provider contact information:

Forms contained in this book (pages 9 - 14) are posted separately. Select and print the form you need from the list below. Tables can be found on the next page.

<u>Forms</u>	Page No.
MI-1040CR-7, Home Heating Credit Claim	9-12
3174, Direct Deposit of Refund	13-14

TABLE A 2005 Home Heating Credit Standard Allowance

Your Exemptions	Standard	Income
(from line 11i.)	Allowance	<u>Ceiling</u>
0 or 1	\$369	\$10,529
2	\$495	\$14,129
3	\$620	\$17,700
4	\$746	\$21,300
5	\$871	\$24,871
6	\$997	\$28,471
	+ \$126 for each	+ \$3,586 for each
	exemption over 6	exemption over 6

TABLE B Exemptions and Maximum Income for the Alternate Credit Computation

Your Exemptions	Maximum		
(from line 11i.)	<u>Income</u>		
0 or 1	\$11,635		
2	\$15,658		
3 or more	\$18,433		

COUNTY CODE TABLE

01	Alcona	22	Dickinson	43	Lake	64	Oceana
02	Alger	23	Eaton	44	Lapeer	65	Ogemaw
03	Allegan	24	Emmet	45	Leelanau	66	Ontonagon
04	Alpena	25	Genesee	46	Lenawee	67	Osceola
05	Antrim	26	Gladwin	47	Livingston	68	Oscoda
06	Arenac	27	Gogebic	48	Luce	69	Otsego
07	Baraga	28	Gr. Traverse	49	Mackinac	70	Ottawa
08	Barry	29	Gratiot	50	Macomb	71	Presque Isle
09	Bay	30	Hillsdale	51	Manistee	72	Roscommon
10	Benzie	31	Houghton	52	Marquette	73	Saginaw
11	Berrien	32	Huron	53	Mason	74	St. Clair
12	Branch	33	Ingham	54	Mecosta	75	St. Joseph
13	Calhoun	34	Ionia	55	Menominee	76	Sanilac
14	Cass	35	Iosco	56	Midland	77	Schoolcraft
15	Charlevoix	36	Iron	57	Missaukee	78	Shiawassee
16	Cheboygan	37	Isabella	58	Monroe	79	Tuscola
17	Chippewa	38	Jackson	59	Montcalm	80	Van Buren
18	Clare	39	Kalamazoo	60	Montmorency	81	Washtenaw
19	Clinton	40	Kalkaska	61	Muskegon	82	Wayne
20	Crawford	41	Kent	62	Newaygo	83	Wexford
21	Delta	42	Keweenaw	63	Oakland		

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Review this label. If the information is correct, place the label on your claim. If any information is incorrect, do not use this label. Write the correct information on the return. If you use a tax preparer, take this book to your preparer and ask him or her to use this label. Using this label will reduce the processing time of your refund.

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Treasury Offices

Commonly used forms are available at Treasury offices listed below. Treasury office staff do not prepare tax returns.

DETROIT, 48202-6060 Cadillac Place, Suite 2-200 3060 W. Grand Blvd.

DIMONDALE *

7285 Parsons Drive (*NOT a mailing address)

ESCANABA, 49829 State Office Building, Rm. 7

305 Ludington St. (open 8 - 12 only)

FLINT, 48502

State Office Building, 7th Fl. 125 E. Union St.

GRAND RAPIDS, 49503

State Office Building 350 Ottawa Ave., NW

STERLING HEIGHTS, 48314

41300 Dequindre Rd., Suite 200

TRAVERSE CITY, 49684

701S. Elmwood Ave. (open 8 - 12 only)

Help With Child Care Costs

If your family income is at or below levels established by the Michigan Department of Human Services (DHS), you may be eligible for help with child care costs. For example, a family of three with an income of less than \$23,880 qualifies for partial payment of child care costs. Contact any DHS office or your local Community Coordinated Child Care (4C) agency at 1-866-424-4532 for additional information and an application. If you need help finding child care, your local 4C agency can help.

Winter Protection Plan

If you are eligible for a credit and you are a customer of an energy utility regulated by the Michigan Public Service Commission (MPSC) or an alternative energy supplier, you can participate in the Winter Protection Plan. Contact your utility company, alternative energy supplier or the MPSC at 1-800-292-9555 for details.